

Effective Interactive Proofs for Higher-Order Imperative Programs

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Goal: Practical Verification of Higher-Order Imperative Programs

- We want to be able to prove **full correctness** of **mostly-functional programs** that use **imperativity for efficiency**.
 - *Challenge problems:* compilers, database servers, Internet servers, ...
- *Last year's ICFP:* proof-of-concept system that you wouldn't really want to use
- *This year:* new system with effective ***proof automation***

Imperative Finite Map ADT

```
type key  
type value  
type map
```

```
new : unit -> map
```

```
insert : map -> key -> value -> unit
```

```
lookup : map -> key -> option value
```

With a Computation Monad

```
type key  
type value  
type map
```

```
new : Cmd map
```

```
insert : map -> key -> value -> Cmd unit
```

```
lookup : map -> key -> Cmd (option value)
```

With Strong Specs

```
type key
type value
type map
```

Representation invariant

```
rep : list (key * value) -> map -> bool
```

```
new : Cmd emp (fun m : map => rep [] m)
```

Monad parameterized
by *precondition* and
postcondition

```
insert : m : map -> k : key -> v : value
```

Dependent typing

```
-> [ls : list (key * value)]
```

Spec variables

```
-> Cmd (rep ls m)
```

(erased by compiler)

```
(fun _ => rep ((k, v) :: ls) m)
```

```
lookup : m : map -> k : key
```

```
-> [ls : list (key * value)]
```

```
-> Cmd (rep ls m) (fun vo => match vo with
```

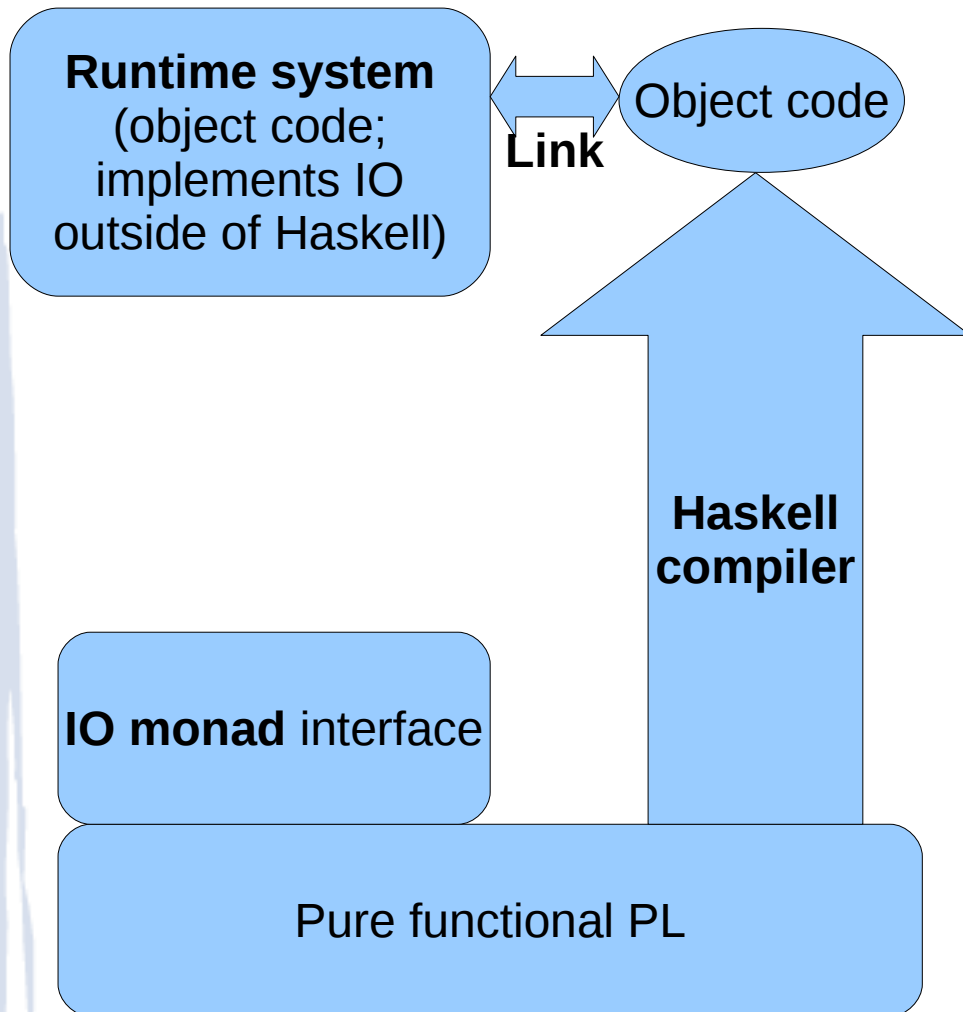
```
    | None => k \notin ls
```

```
    | Some v => (k, v) \in ls
```

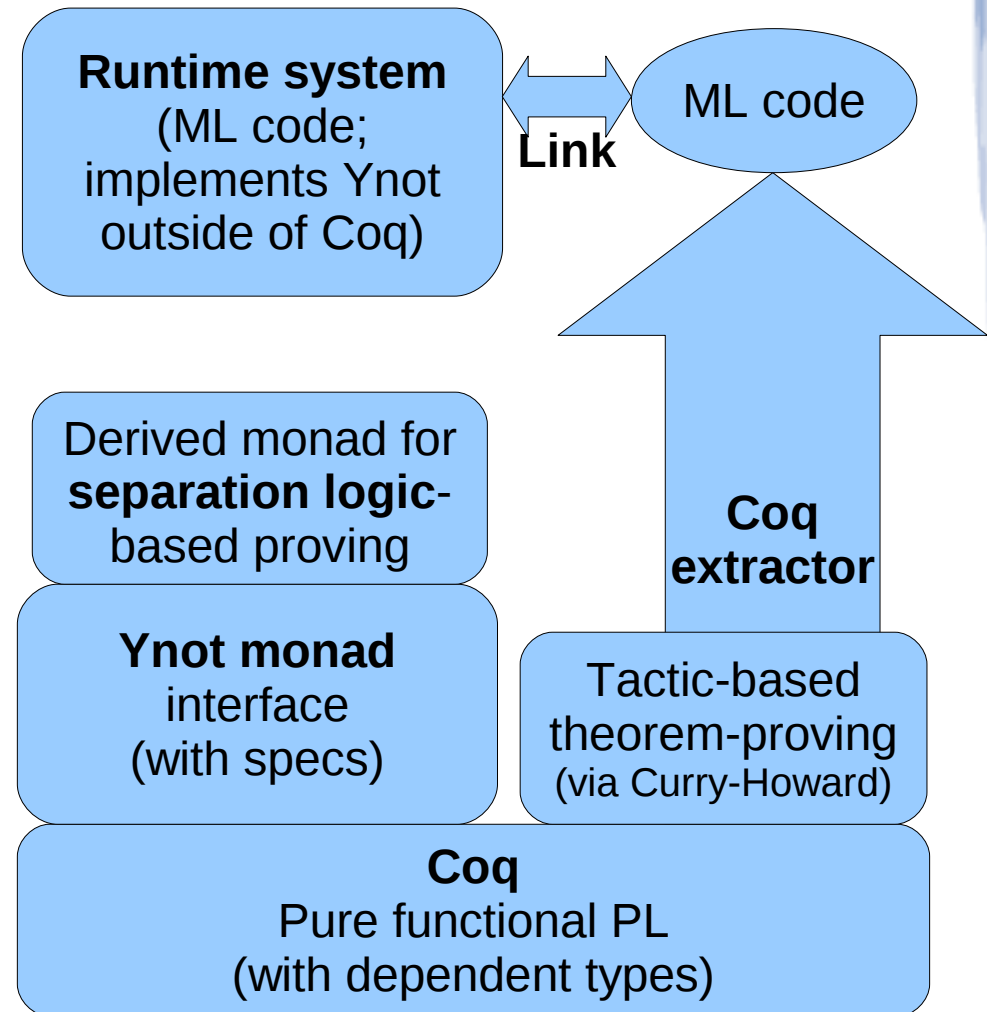
```
end)
```

Ynot (from ICFP'08)

Haskell



Ynot



The Burden of Proof

(proof for one method of splay trees from ICFP'08 Ynot)

```

rename l into L. rename l0 into R. rename l1 into root.
destruct H as [Ld [Llt [Rd [Rrt [roott rest]]]]].
destruct rest as [[roottnempty bstroot] precondition].
sets precondition precondition.
destruct precondition_dest as [LRh [rooth [splitsi [lrrest modelsroot]]]].
unlift_in lrrest.
destruct lrrest as [Lh [Rh [splitsLRh [lrest rrest]]]].
destruct lrest as [Lnull [Lnode [Lddataeq modelsl]]].
destruct rrest as [Rnull [Rnode [Rddataeq modelsr]]].
destruct modelsl as [Lptsh [L_Lh [splitsLh [Lpts modelsL_L]]]].
destruct modelsr as [Rptsh [R_Rh [splitsRh [Rpts modelsR_R]]]].
destruct roott as [ | rootd root_Lnode root_Rnode].
elim roottnempty...
clear roottnempty.
sets modelsroot_dest modelsroot.
simpl in modelsroot_dest. unlift_in modelsroot_dest.
destruct modelsroot_dest as [rootnnull [rootnode [rootdataeq rest]]].
destruct rest as [rootptsh [root_LRh [splitsrooth [rootpts modelsroot_LR]]]].
destruct modelsroot_LR as [root_Lh [root_Rh [splitsroot_LRh [modelsroot_L
modelsroot_R]]]].
nextvc.
splits_rewrite_in splitsrooth splitsi. splits_join_in H (1 :: 0 :: 1 :: nil).
exists rootptsh. exists (union (LRh :: root_LRh :: nil) pf0). split.
  apply* splits_commute. split.
  eexact rootpts.
  unfold nopre...
(* ok, so the read was valid and gave us back rootnode *)
nextvc. (* a: *)
(* yay! we found v *)
clear H. rename x into eqvrootd.
nextvc.
(* yes, L points to Lnode *)
splits_rewrite_in splitsLRh splitsi.
splits_rewrite_in splitsLh H.
splits_join_in H0 (0 :: 1 :: 1 :: 1 :: nil).
exists Lptsh. exists (union (L_Lh :: Rh :: rooth :: nil) pf0). split.
  apply* splits_commute. split.
  eexact Lpts.
  unfold nopre...
(* and R points to Rnode *)
splits_rewrite_in splitsLRh splitsi.
splits_rewrite_in splitsRh H.
splits_join_in H0 (1 :: 0 :: 1 :: 1 :: nil).
exists Rptsh. exists (union (Lh :: R_Rh :: rooth :: nil) pf0). split.
  apply* splits_commute. split.
  eexact Rpts.
  unfold nopre...
(* so we can get on with it *)
nextvc. (* write to left *)
splits_rewrite_in splitsLRh splitsi.
splits_rewrite_in splitsLh H. splits_rewrite_in splitsRh H0.
clear H H0. rename H1 into splitsipts.
splits_join_in splitsipts (0 :: 1 :: 1 :: 1 :: 1 :: nil).
exists Lptsh. split.
  eauto.
  exists (union (L_Lh :: Rptsh :: R_Rh :: rooth :: nil) pf0). split.
    apply* splits_commute.
    intros j Lptsh' splitsj Lpts'.
    splits_flatten_in' splitsj. clear H pf0.
  nextvc. (* write to right *)
    splits_join_in splitsj (1 :: 1 :: 0 :: 1 :: 1 :: nil).
    exists Rptsh. split.

```

```

    eauto.
    exists (union (Lptsh' :: L_Lh :: R_Rh :: rooth :: nil) pf0). split.
      apply* splits_commute.
      intros k Rptsh' splitsk Rpts'.
      splits_flatten_in' splitsk. clear H pf0.
    (* and now, onto the return *)
    nextvc.
    exists root. split...
    (* now we get the preconditions again, and reduce them to our old ones *)
    intros Llt' Rrt' roott' Ld' Rd' precondition'.
    poses (splay_down_precond_uniq precondition' precondition). subst. clear precondition'.
    exists root_Lnode. exists root_Rnode. exists (data rootnode). split.
    (* show that the shape of memory is ok *)
    splits_rewrite_in splitsrooth splitsk.
    splits_rewrite_in splitsroot_LRh H.
    splits_join_in H0 (0 :: 0 :: 0 :: 1 :: 0 :: 0 :: 1 :: nil).
    splits_join_in H1 (1 :: 1 :: 0 :: 0 :: 0 :: 0 :: nil).
    splits_join_in H2 (0 :: 0 :: 1 :: 0 :: 1 :: nil).
    splits_join_in H3 (1 :: 0 :: 1 :: 0 :: nil).
    splits_join_in H4 (1 :: 1 :: 0 :: nil).
    clear H H0 H1 H2 H3 H4. rename H5 into splitsk'.
    exists (union
      (union
        (union (L_Lh :: root_Lh :: nil) pf2 :: Lptsh' :: nil)
        pf3
      :: union
        (union (R_Rh :: root_Rh :: nil) pf0 :: Rptsh' :: nil)
        pf1 :: nil) pf4).
    exists rootptsh. split... split.
    exists (union (union (L_Lh :: root_Lh :: nil) pf2 :: Lptsh' :: nil) pf3).
    exists (union (union (R_Rh :: root_Rh :: nil) pf0 :: Rptsh' :: nil) pf1). split.
    exists pf4... unlift. split; split...
    exists (mkNode (data Lnode) (left_node rootnode) (left_node rootnode)). split...
    exists Lptsh'. exists (union (L_Lh :: root_Lh :: nil) pf2). split.
    apply* splits_commute. exists pf3... split...
    exists L_Lh. exists root_Lh. split.
    exists pf2...
    split...
    exists (mkNode (data Rnode) (right_node rootnode) (right_node Rnode)). split...
    exists Rptsh'. exists (union (R_Rh :: root_Rh :: nil) pf0). split.
    apply* splits_commute. exists pf1... split...
    exists root_Rh. exists R_Rh. split.
    apply* splits_commute. exists pf0...
    split...
  split...
  exists rootnode. unlift. split...
  (* show that the other properties hold *)
  split.
  (* the contents of the tree are preserved *)
  simpl. do 3 rewrite app_ass. f_equal.
  (* L is smaller and R is bigger *)

```

Continued...
(~1300 lines total)

A thick, blue, hand-drawn border surrounds the entire page, giving it a sketchy, informal appearance.

Demo

Conclusion

- Focusing on automation lets us write verified programs that seemed impossible before.
- At least an order of magnitude decrease in size of proofs and effort needed to build them.
- Paper describes implementations of imperative stack, queue, association list, hash table, binary search tree, binomial tree, and packrat parser.

Available for download from:
<http://ynot.cs.harvard.edu/>

Backup Slides

Ynot 2.0

